TWOP Glaucoma Awareness Month #GAW2021

The Prevalence and Impacts of Glaucoma

GLAUCOMA

Prevalence

For populations aged 40-80 years, the global prevalence of glaucoma is 3.54 percent (95 percent Crl, 2.09-5.82).



 In 2013, it was reported that the number of people (aged 40-80 years) with glaucoma worldwide was 64.3 million, growing to 76.0 million in 2020 and 111.8 million in 2040.

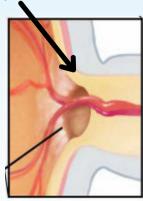


Types

- Types:
 - Primary Open Angle of Glaucoma (POAG)
 - Primary Angle Closure Glaucoma (PACG)
- Other types: Congenital Glaucoma, Secondary Glaucoma, Pigmentary Glaucoma, Pseudoexfoliative Glaucoma, Traumatic Glaucoma, Neovascular Glaucoma, Uveitic Glaucoma, Phacomorphic Glaucoma



changes in optic nerve







Signs & Symptoms

- Severe headache
- Eye pain
- Nausea and Vomiting
- Blurred vision
- Halos around lights
- Eye redness

















Risk Factors

- To be associated with a few systemic diseases such as Systemic hypertension, vasospasm, and acute hypotension have been proposed as potential risk factors for glaucoma in clinic-based studies.
- Several studies have reported associations between low diastolic pressure, lower ocular perfusion pressure (OPP) and higher prevalence and/or incidence of glaucoma.
- Congenital cataracts might be inherited or secondary to an intrauterine insult, and cataracts associated with a systemic or ophthalmic genetic disease may not occur until the second or third decade of life.
- The timing or intralenticular location of an inherited cataract can provide clues regarding its genetic origin.



Risk Factors and Complications

- Typically, early-onset forms of glaucoma affecting children and young adults are inherited as autosomal dominant or recessive Mendelian characteristics, while glaucoma affecting older adults has a diverse heritage.
- Early onset forms of glaucoma are uncommon, whereas forms of adult onset are more prevalent.
- Complications include: Chronic corneal edema (loss of transparency), Loss of central or side (peripheral) vision and Loss of vision or changes in vision.



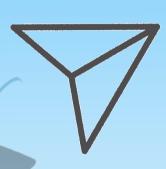




Wow, what a cool content



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The World of Optometry



